24.—Birthplaces of the Population, by Provinces and Countries, 1911 and 1921—con.

Birthplaces.	Population.		Increase in 10 years.		Per cent of total population born in specified country.	
	1911.	1921.	No.	p.c.	1911.	1921.
Europe—concluded						
Iceland	7, 109	6,776	-333	-4·68	-10	-08
Italy	34,739	35.581	792	2.28	-48	-40
Serb-Croat-Slovene State		1.946	I	l .	I I	+02
Norway	20,968	23,127	2,159	10.30	•29	+26
Poland		29.279	-		_	+33
Rumania	2	22,779	-	1		.26
Russia	89, 984	101,055	.	I 	1.25	1-15
Sweden	28,226	27,700	-526	-1.86	-39	-32
Switzerland	-	3,479	-			+04
Ukraine		11.357				·13
Other	5,285	3,183	2,102	-39.77	-07	-04
Asia	40,946	53,636	12,690	30.99	-57	-61
China,	27,083	36,924	9,841	36.34	-87	·42
Japan	8,425	11.650	3,225	38 28	-12	•13
Syria,,,	2,907	3.879	972	33 - 44	-04	.04
Turkey	1,861	401	-1,460	-78-45	-03	.01
Other	670	782	112	16.72	-01	.01
United States	303,680	374,024	70.344	23 - 16	4.21	4 - 25
West Indies	211	123	88	-41.71	'	_
Other Countries	2,954	3,171	217	7.35	-04	+04
At Sea	807	653	-154	-19-08	-01	-01
Total Population	7,206,613	8,783,483	1,581,840	21.95	100-00	100 - 00

Included with Russia. Included with Bulgaria.

Rural and Urban Distribution of Those Born Outside of Canada.—In determining the classification of the immigrant population as rural or urban (see table on pp. 118-119 of the 1924 Year Book), the population of cities, towns and incorporated villages was counted as urban and the remainder as rural. Out of the 1,065,454 immigrant persons of British birth, 369,724 were rural and 695,730 urban residents, being 34.70 p.c. rural and 65.30 p.c., or nearly two-thirds, urban.

Of the 890,282 foreign-born, 483,615 or 54·32 p.c. were resident in rural districts and 406,667 or 45·68 p.c. in urban communities. Immigrants from Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Galicia are found more largely in rural communities than in urban ones. Also, out of 374,024 persons born in the United States, 214,563 or 57·36 p.c. are rural residents. On the other hand only a small proportion of persons born in Greece (10·67 p.c.), in Italy (24·19 p.c.), or in Poland, exclusive of Galicia (32·70 p.c.), are found outside of cities or towns. The great majority of Asiatics resident in Canada are dwellers in cities and towns, the only exception being the Japanese immigrants, of whom 61·84 p.c. reside in communities outside of cities and towns. The greater number of Japanese so classified are engaged in truck gardening in suburban areas and in fishing on the Pacific coast.

Year of Immigration of Those Born Outside of Canada.³—Of the total immigrant population of 1,955,736 reported in the census, 1,065,454 or 54.48 p.c. were British-born, i.e., born either in the British Isles or in some other part of the British Empire outside of Canada, and 890,282 or 45.52 p.c. were foreign-born. Resident British-born immigrants exceeded foreign-born in each of the periods for which the numbers are given in Table 25 except in the war years of 1915-1918, when they were only 35.33 p.c. of the total. United States-born immigrants constituted over two-thirds of the foreign-born immigrants of that period resident in Canada at the date of the census.

For detailed information on this subject, see pp. 369-419 of Vol. II of the Census of 1921, published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.